

DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

WHAT ARE DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS?

1994 Dietary Supplement and Education Act (DSHEA) defines supplement as a product that:

- Is intended to supplement diet and contains one or more dietary ingredients including:
 - Vitamins
 - Minerals
 - Herbs
 - Other botanicals
 - Amino acids
- Intended to be taken by mouth in forms such as tablet, capsule, powder, soft gel, gel cap or liquid.
- Is labeled as being a dietary supplement.

BENEFITS

Supplements ensures a person is getting enough vital substances the body needs to function.

• It should not replace meals that are necessary for a healthy diet.

Supplements may help to reduce the risk of disease.

• It is not meant to treat, diagnose, prevent or cure diseases.

RISKS

Problems arise when many supplements are combined or taken instead of prescribed medicine.

Combined with other supplements.

Some ingredients found in supplements are being added to a number of foods (breakfast cereals and beverages).

- You may be getting more of these ingredients than you think.
- More does not mean better.

Pregnant or nursing women should be cautious of taking supplements.

Be cautious giving supplements to children.

APPROVED BY FDA?

 No. Manufactures and distributors are not required to get approval from FDA before marketing dietary supplements including those that aid in muscle growth.

FDA is responsible for ensuring that:

The products it manufactures or distributes are safe. Any claims made about the products are not false or misleading.

SOURCES

- http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/Transparency/Basics/ucm194344.htm
- http://www.fda.gov/Food/ResourcesForYou/Consumers/ucm109760.htm
- https://ods.od.nih.gov/HealthInformation/DS_WhatYouNeedToKnow.aspx/
- https://nccih.nih.gov/health/supplements/wiseuse.htm

